Refmac for single particle cryo-EM Model Refinement

CCP4 Crystallography School and Workshop

14-24 November 2018 Sao Carlos, Brazil

Roberto A Steiner roberto.steiner@kcl.ac.uk



with slides from Rob Nicholls



University of London



aboratory of. Iolecular Biology

Cryo-EM vs MX Refinement

MX refinement software can be repurposed for cryo-EM

Tools designed for low-resolution in MX can be used for high-resolution cryo-EM

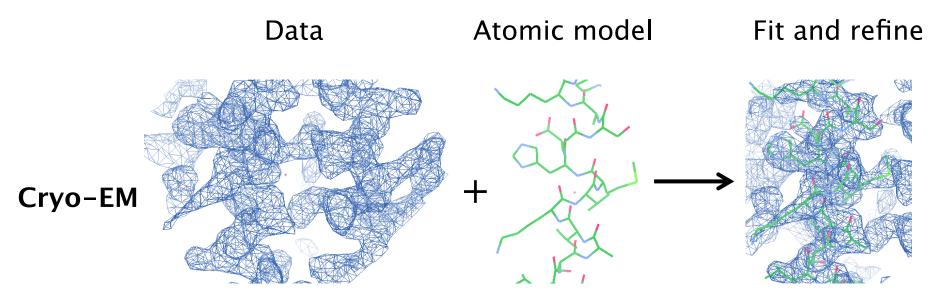
Some relevant differences:

- In cryo-EM, the "Observations" are electrostatic potential maps
 - In MX observations are diffraction spot intensities (typically converted to SF amplitudes)
- Able to obtain phase information (though amplitudes and phases are noisy)
 - map is not updated as model is refined
- No crystallographic properties (e.g. space groups) or peculiarities/pathologies (e.g. twinning)
- No fixed unit cell boundaries are not enforced; artificial boxes are used
- Concept of "resolution"
 - quoted resolution in MX it is the diffraction limit (resolution of the largest Miller indices used)
 - possible to consider local resolution
 - local map quality varies greatly within and between reconstructions

One similarity:

- Scattering: High-resolution information loss
 - most methods developed can be transferred

Cryo-EM Refinement



Cryo-EM refinement: structure factors (reconstruction/map) are treated as observations. The map does not change during refinement.

Regularisation

Use of available information (prior knowledge):

Regularisers with a target value:

- Geometry restraints (chemical information)
- B-value restraints
- Local NCS restraints where applicable
- External restraints (ProSMART/LibG) where available

Regularisers without a target value:

• Jelly-body restraints

Cryo-EM When refining MX models at low-resolution, check:

- Refinement statistics *Not always conclusive*
- Geometry *Not always conclusive*
- Electron density Not always reliable
 Check map sharpness?

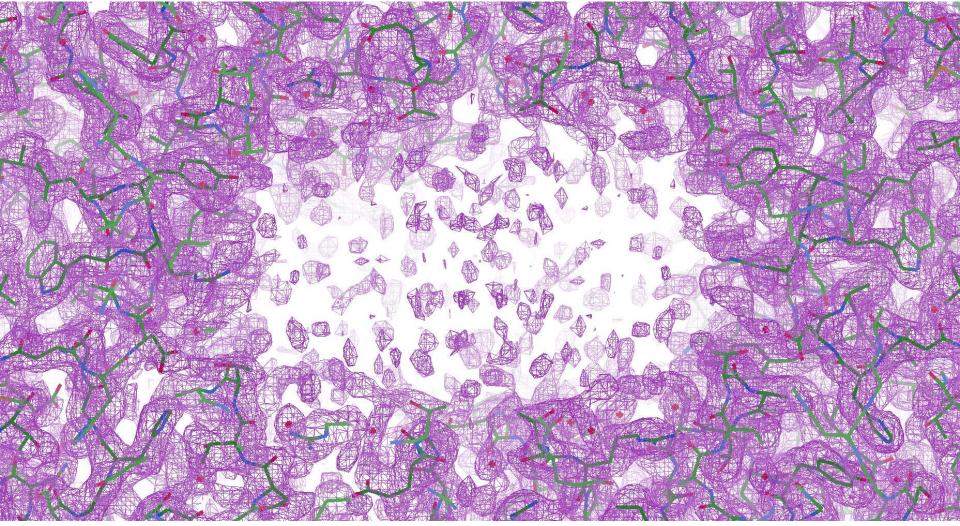
CCP-EM

		Jobs Projects						
		Job 🗸	Program	Title	Status	Start	Finish	Directory
Dock-EM	511							
Flex-EM								
Buccaneer								
Molrep								
ProSMART								
Refmac5								
MRC to MTZ								
Ribfind								
TEMPy: DiffMap								
MRC-Allspace								
MRC-Allspace								

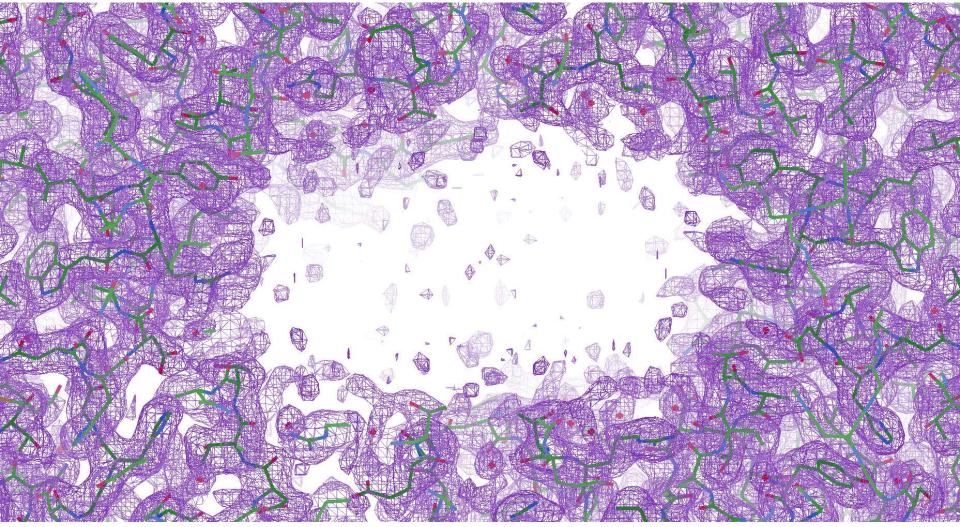
Jelly Body Restraints

	X CCP-EM Refmac5		
Since the second se	CCP4mg Chimera Terminal Output Info) Kill	••••
	Setup		ð×
Job title	None		
Multi PDBs/Maps	False		
Find in map	False		
Input PDB	Select None		
Input map	Select None		
Resolution	None		
Refinement options			
⊖ External restraints			
 Validate options 			
 Keywords 			
Map sharpen	None		
Jelly body	True		
Add hydrogens	False		
Input lib	Select None		
 Edit input model 			
 Local refinement opti 	ons		
Local refine			
Mask radius	3.00		
 External restraints 			
 Validate options 			
⊖ Keywords			
L			

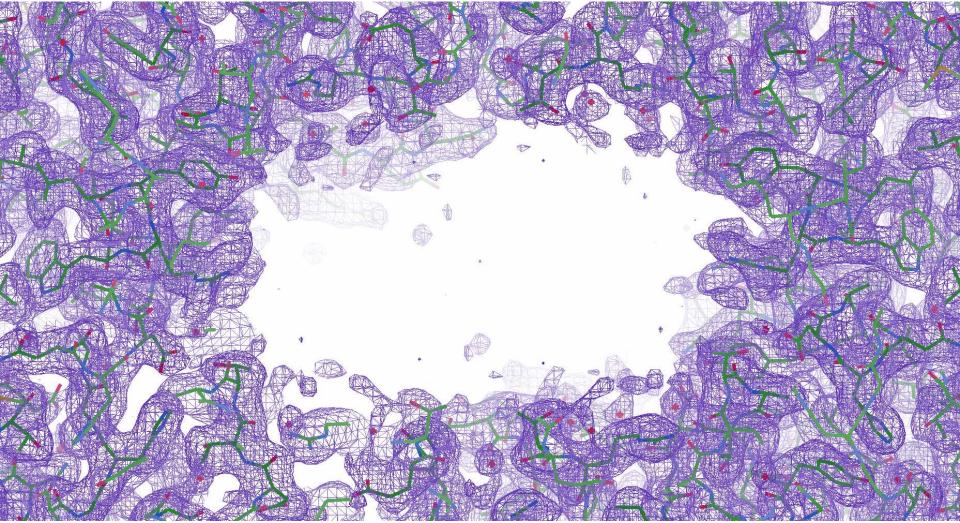
Default map



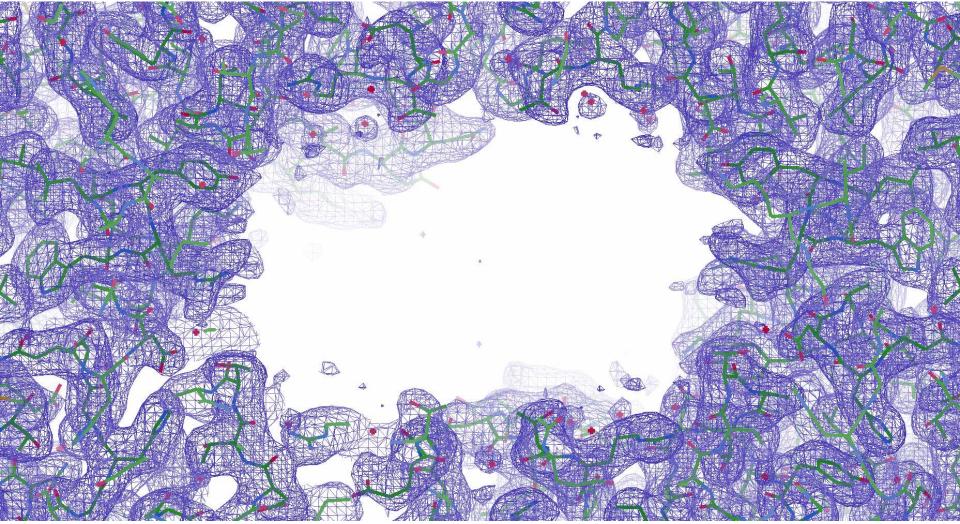
Blur 20 Å²



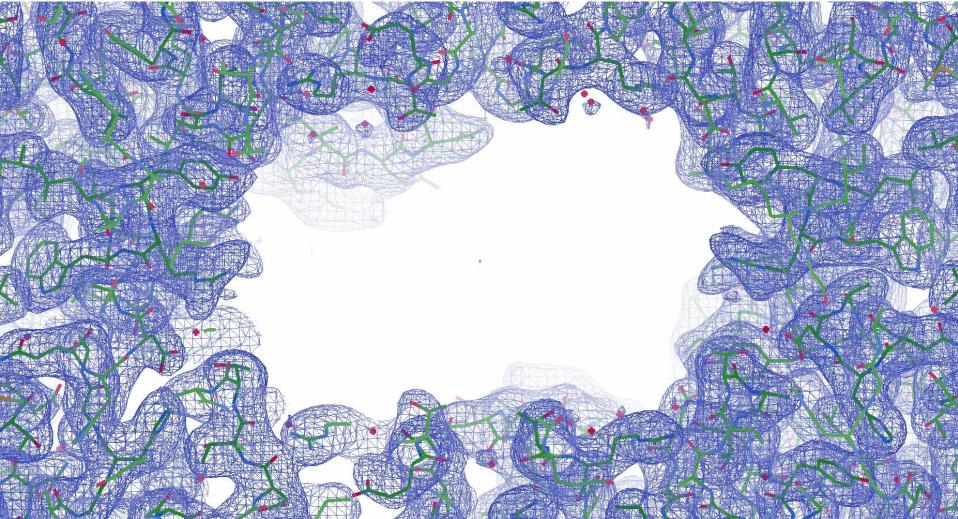
Blur 40 Å²



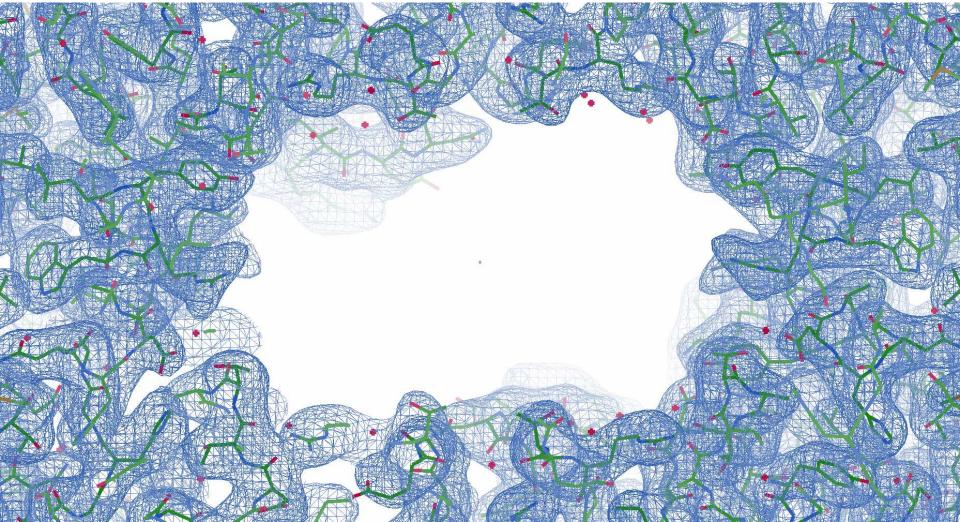
Blur 60 Å²



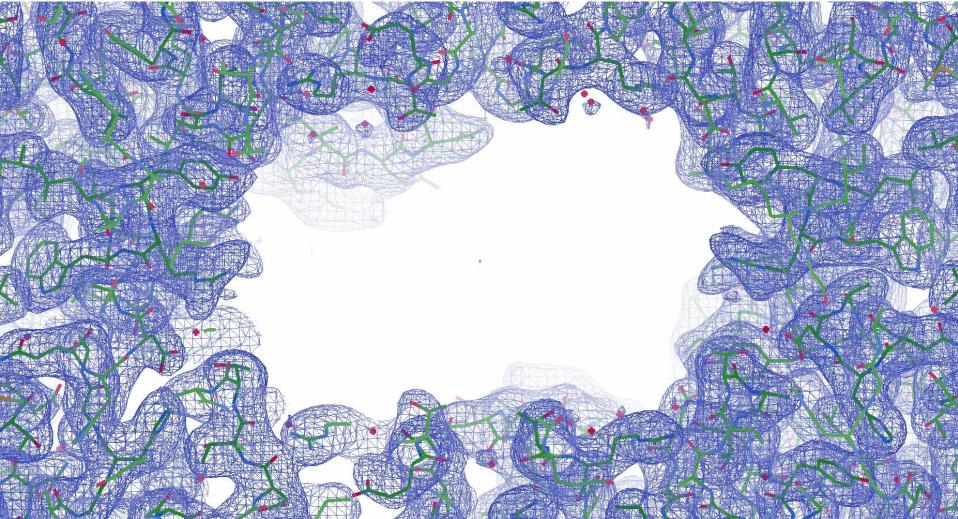
Blur 80 Å²



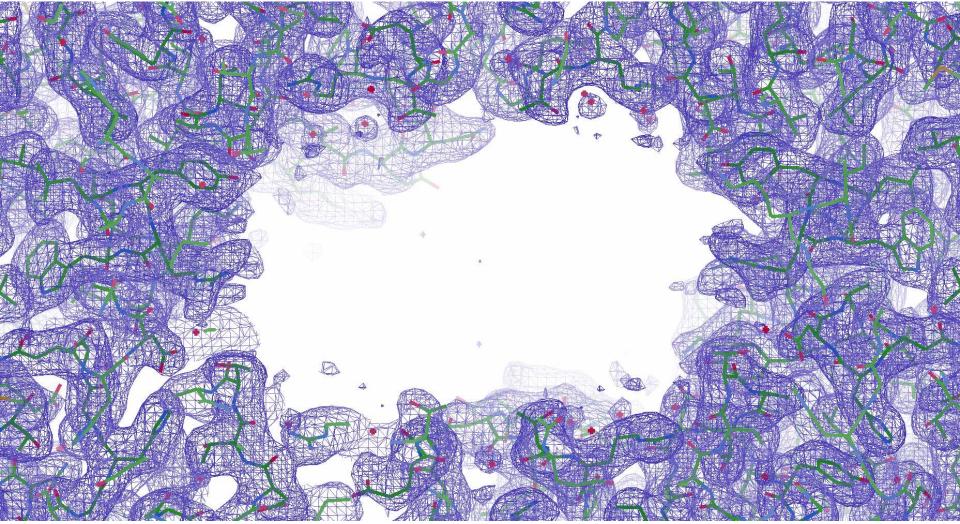
Blur 100 Å²



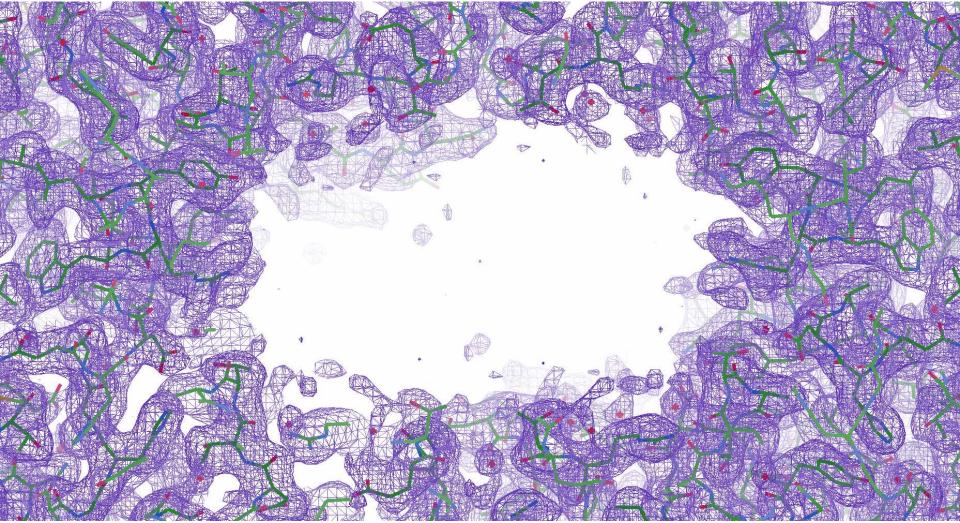
Blur 80 Å²



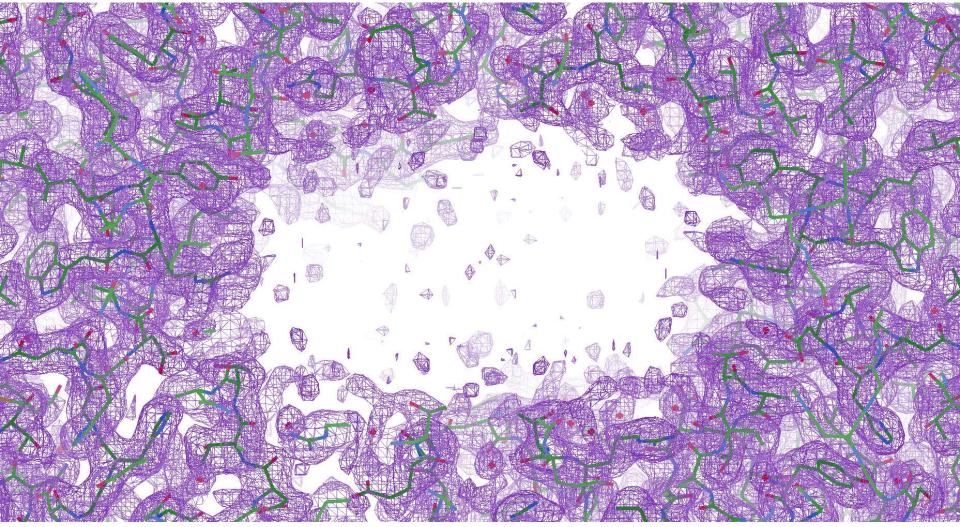
Blur 60 Å²



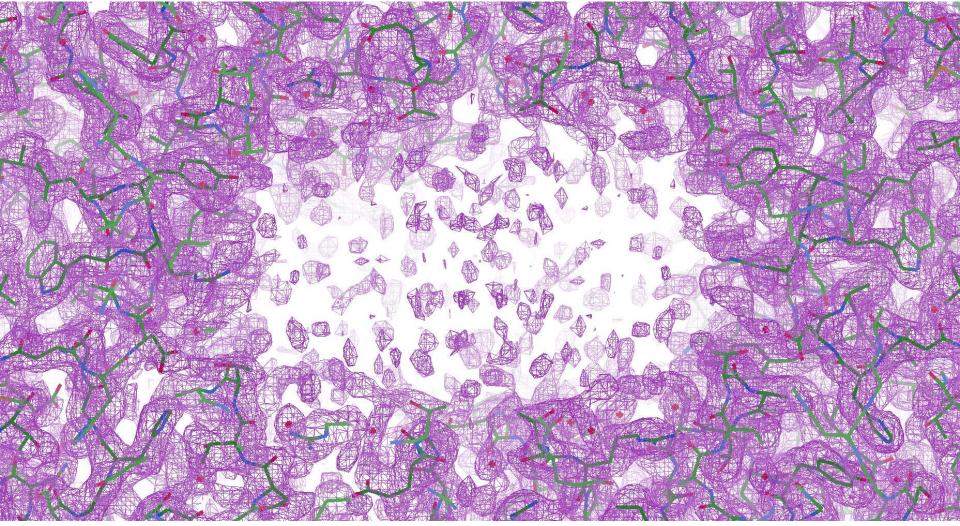
Blur 40 Å²



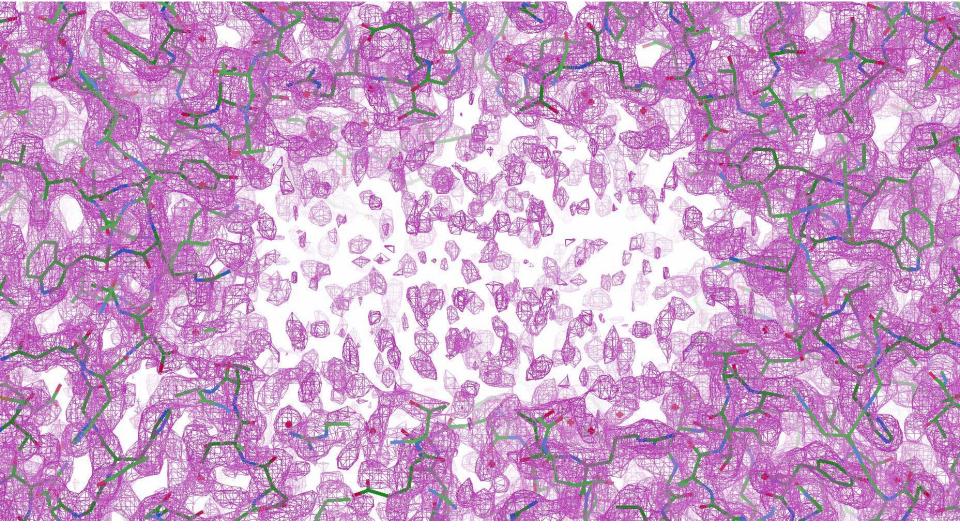
Blur 20 Å²



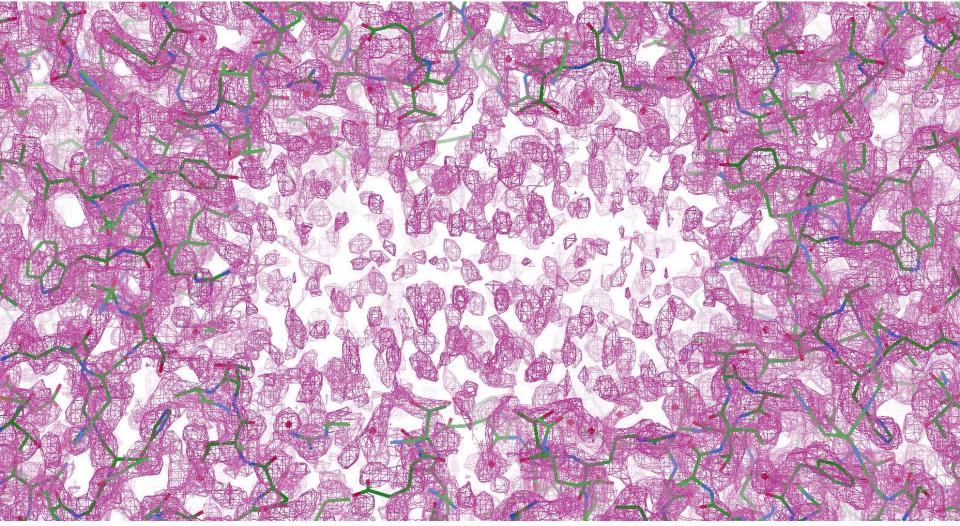
Default map



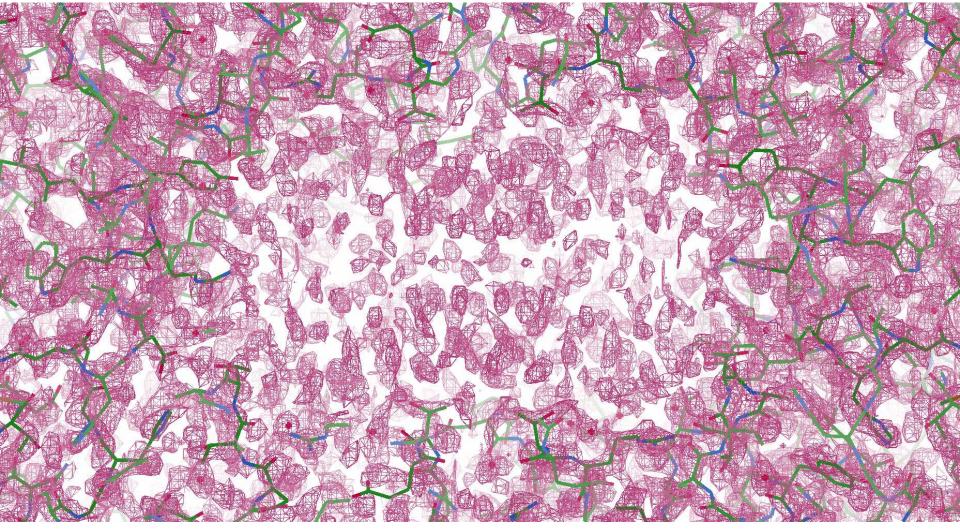
Sharpen 20 $Å^2$



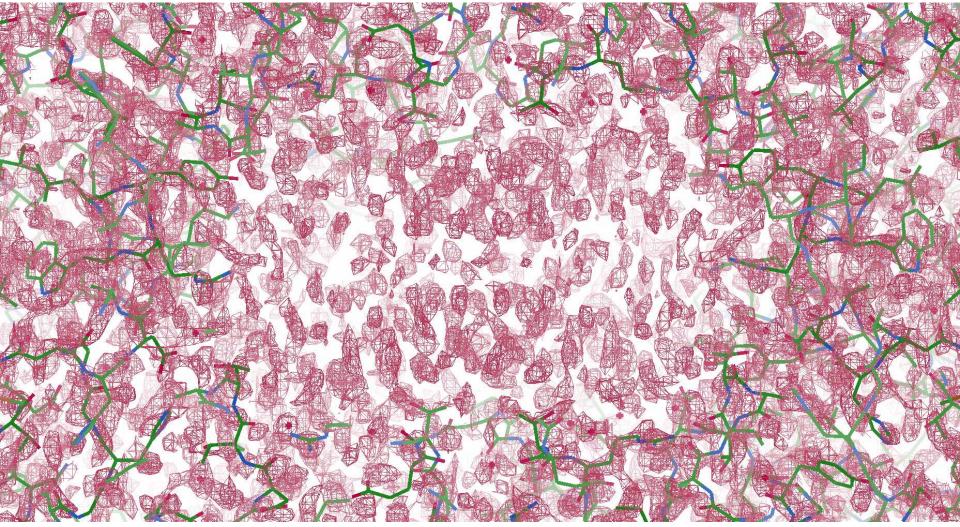
Sharpen 40 $Å^2$



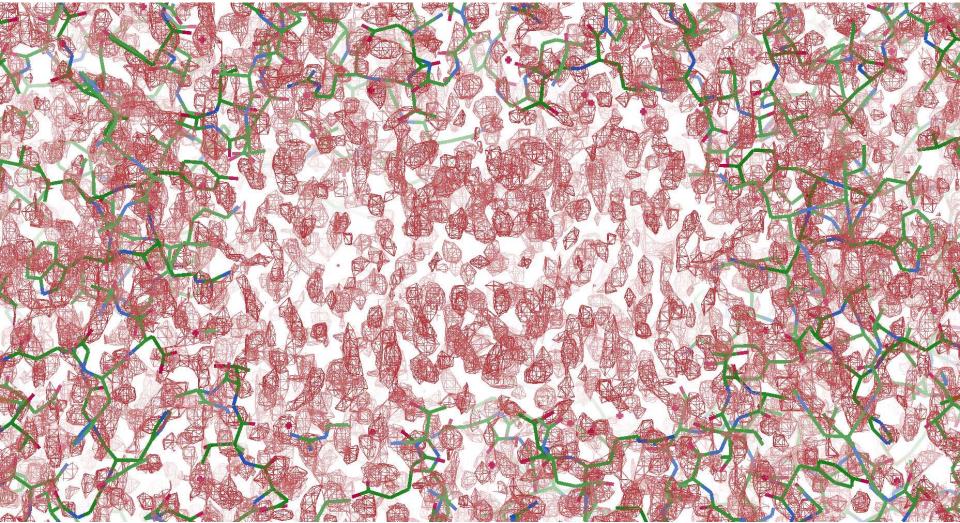
Sharpen 60 Å²

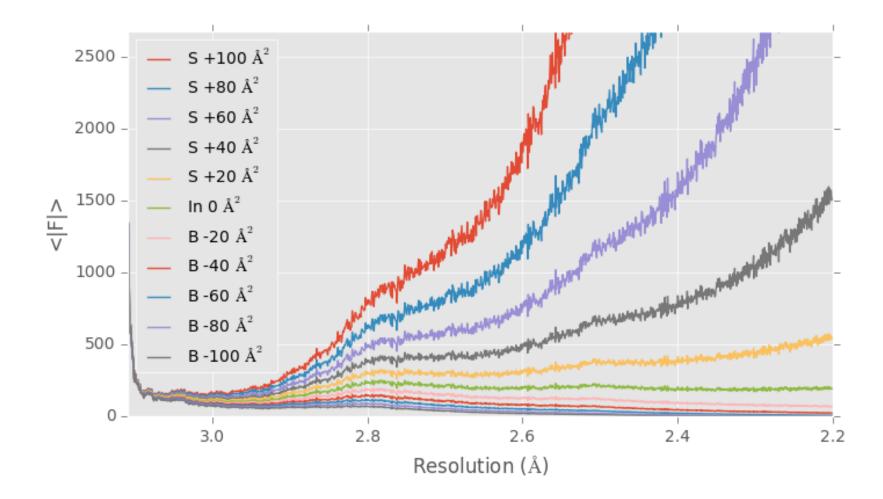


Sharpen 80 Å²

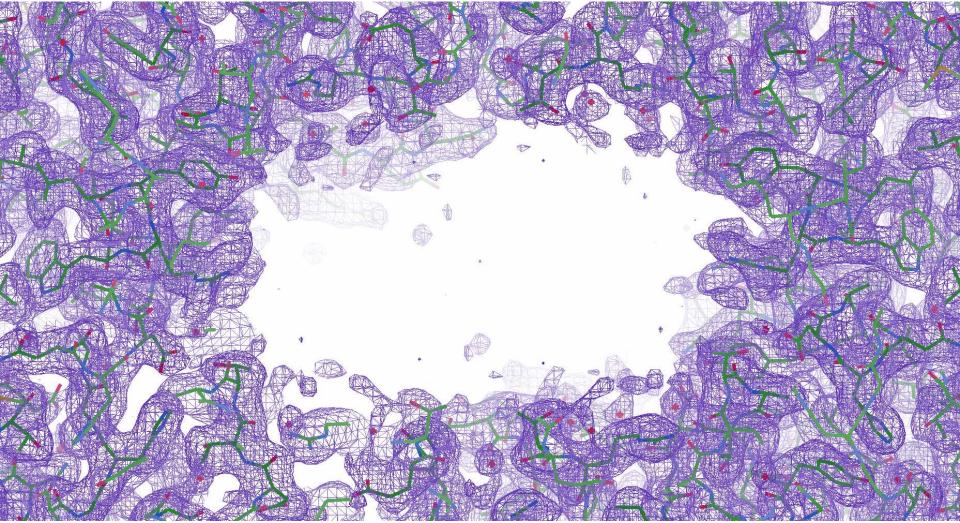


Sharpen 100 $Å^2$

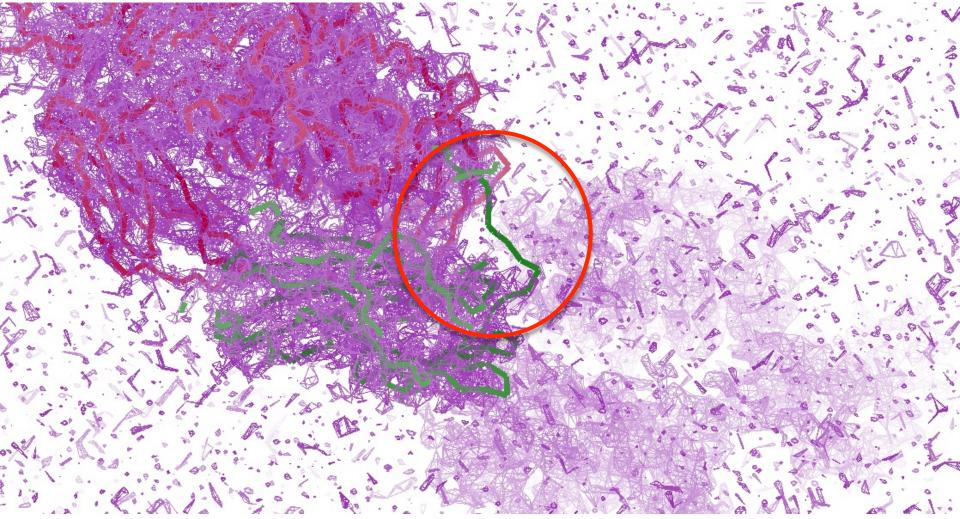




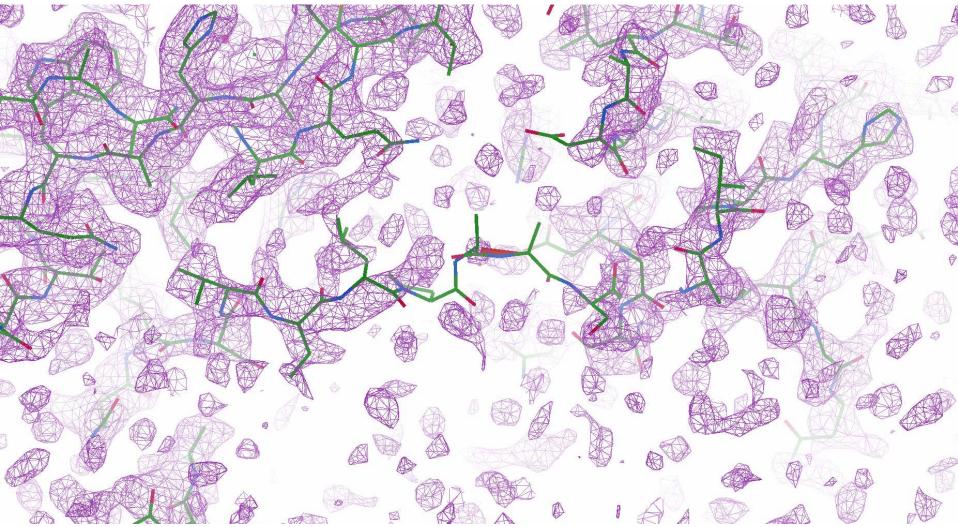
Blur 40 Å²



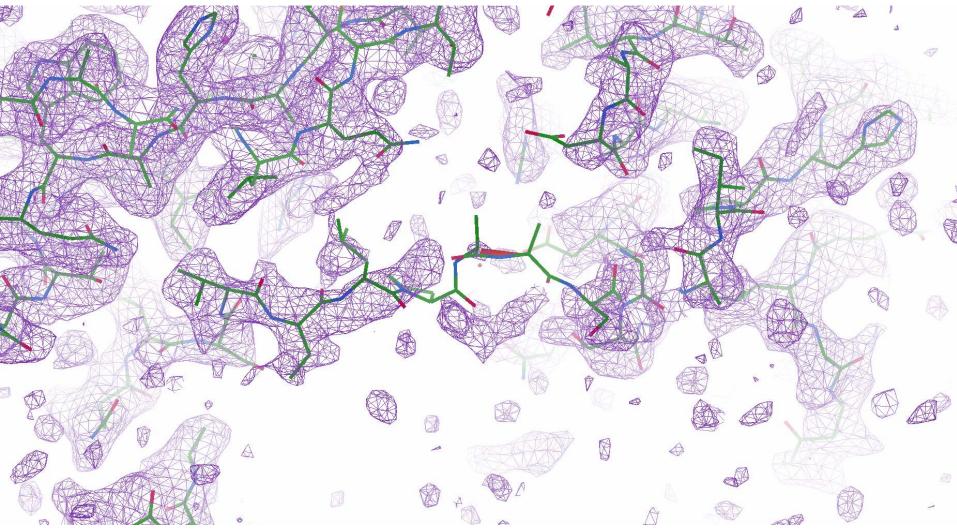
Default map



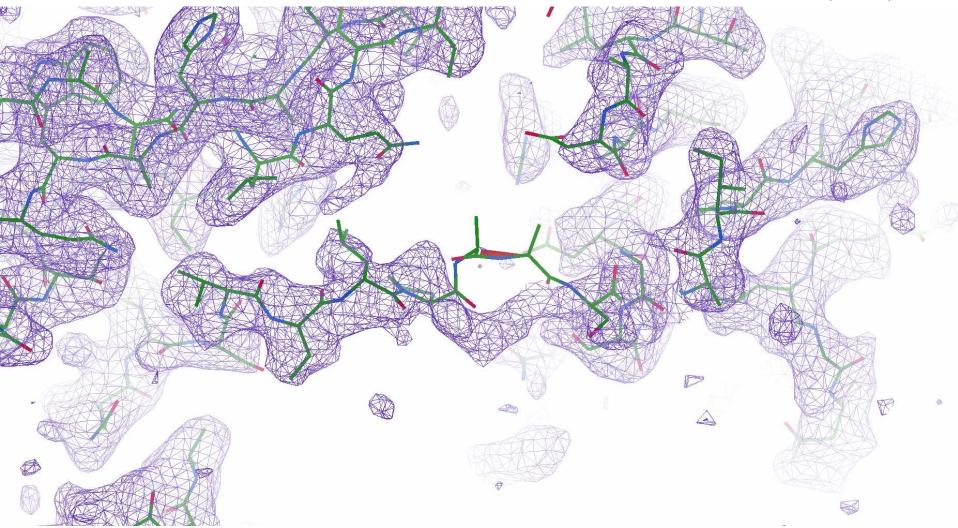
Default map



Blur 20 Å²

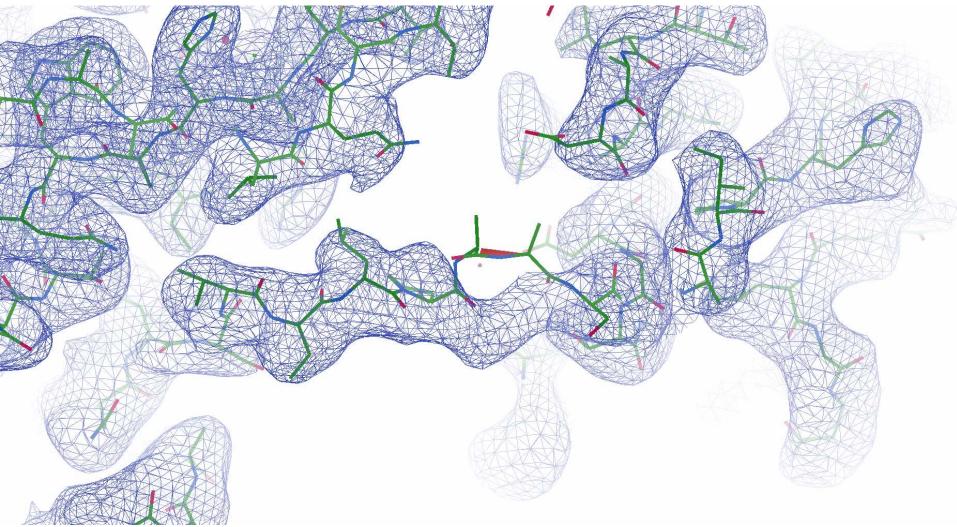


Blur 40 Å²

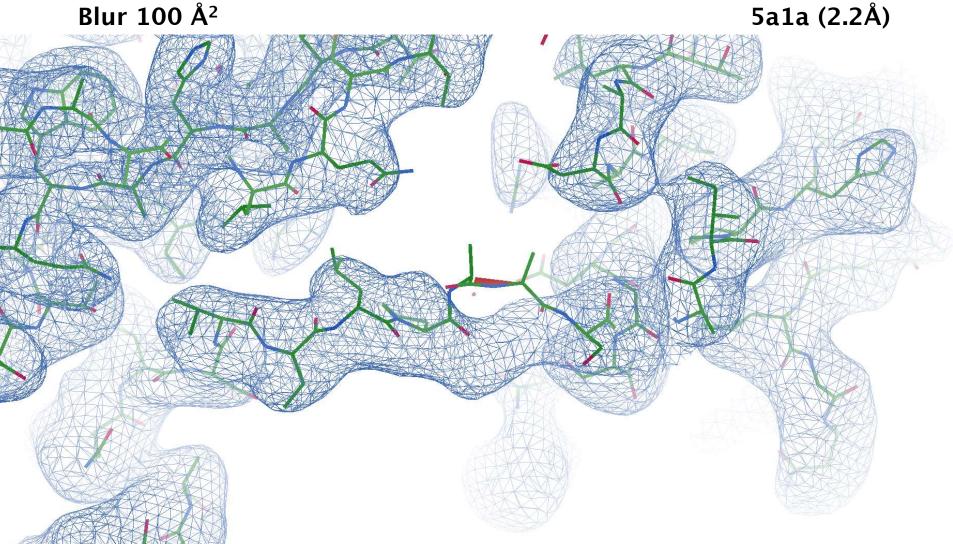


Blur 60 Å²

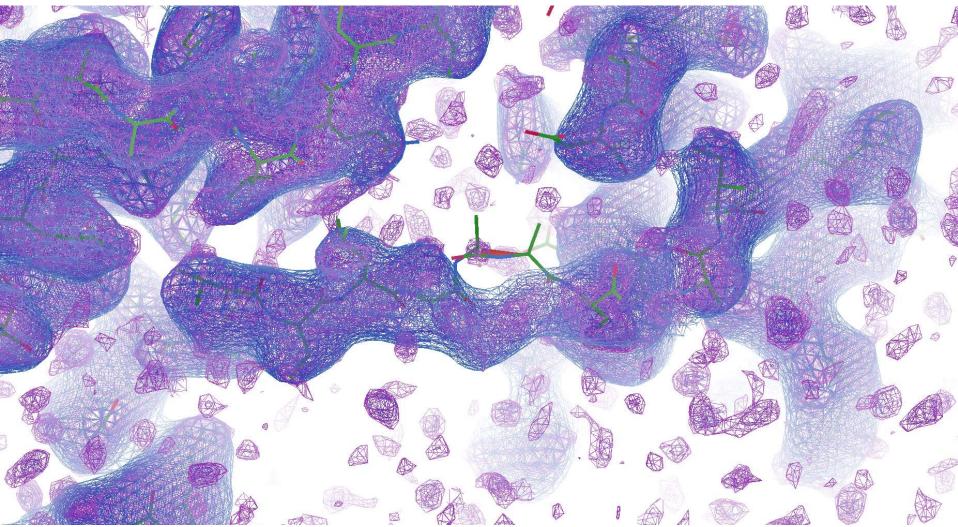
Blur 80 Å²



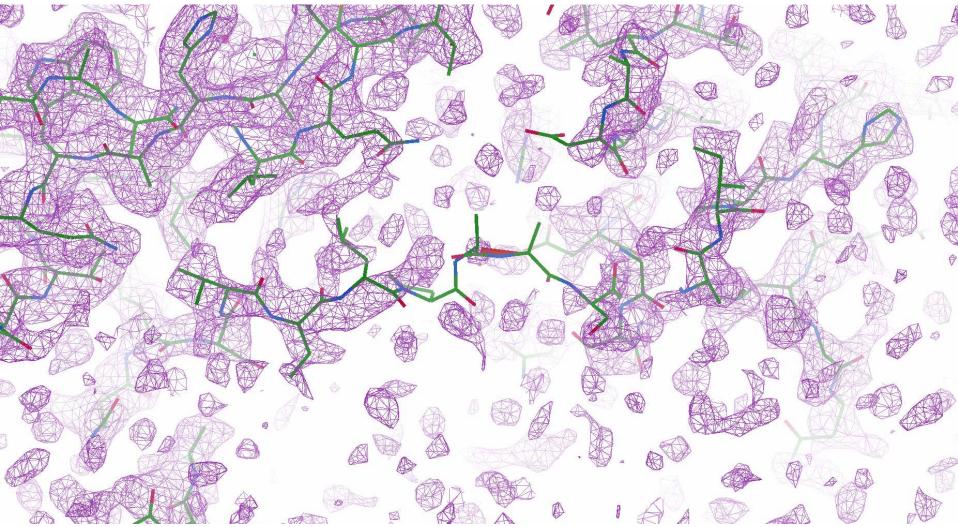
Blur 100 Å²



Blur 0-100 Å²



Default map



Blurring/Sharpening is useful for visual interpretation

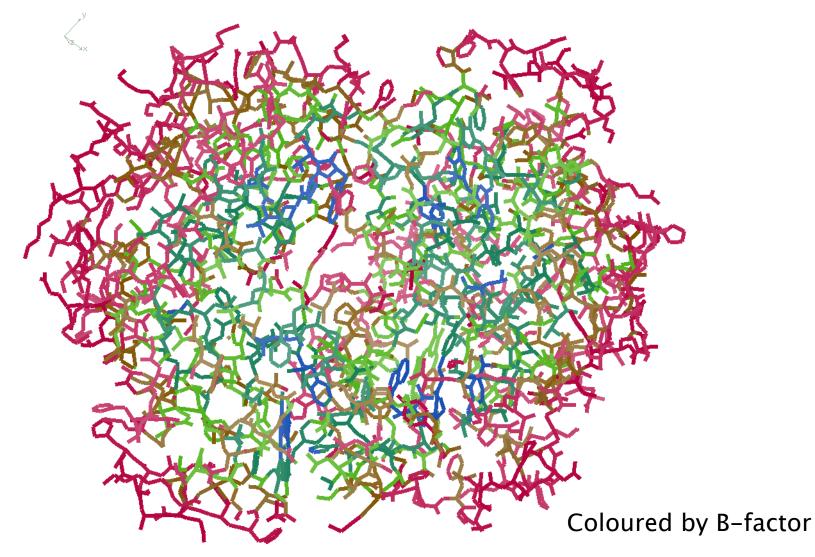
• In MX, map blurring/sharpening does not affect refinement

• In cryo-EM, map blurring/sharpening does affect refinement

	•••	X	CCP-EM Refmac5		
	Since the set of t	CCP4mg Chimera Terminal	Coutput Info	KIII	• •
			no Setup managementer and a setup managementer and a setup managementer and a setup managementer and a setup ma		
	Job title	None			
	Multi PDBs/Maps	False 🔻			
	Find in map	False 🔻			
	Input PDB	Select None			
	Input map	Select None			
	Resolution	None			
	Refinement options				
weight	Auto	×			
11					
Mapst	narpen	- N	lone		
				•	
11 - he	Mynpue no	٦T	rue	-	+
	O Edit input model	linne			
	External restraints				
	 Validate options 				
	O Keywords				

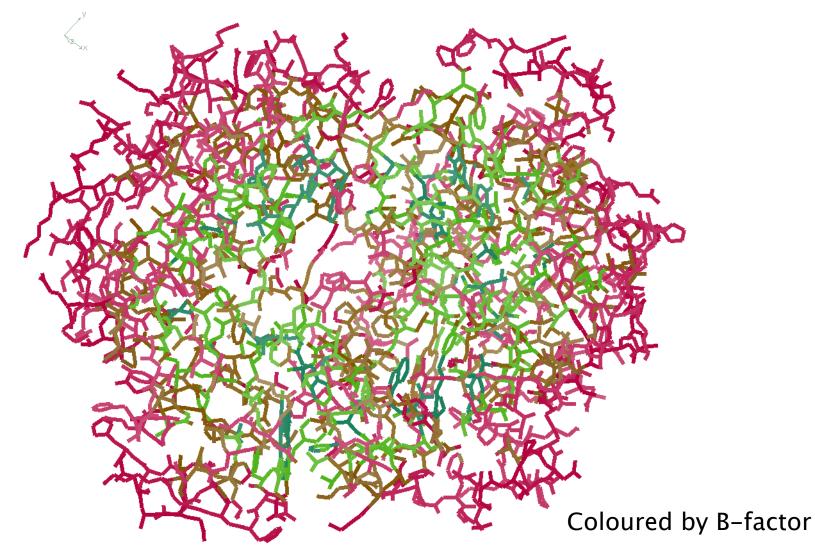
Default refinement - 10 cycles

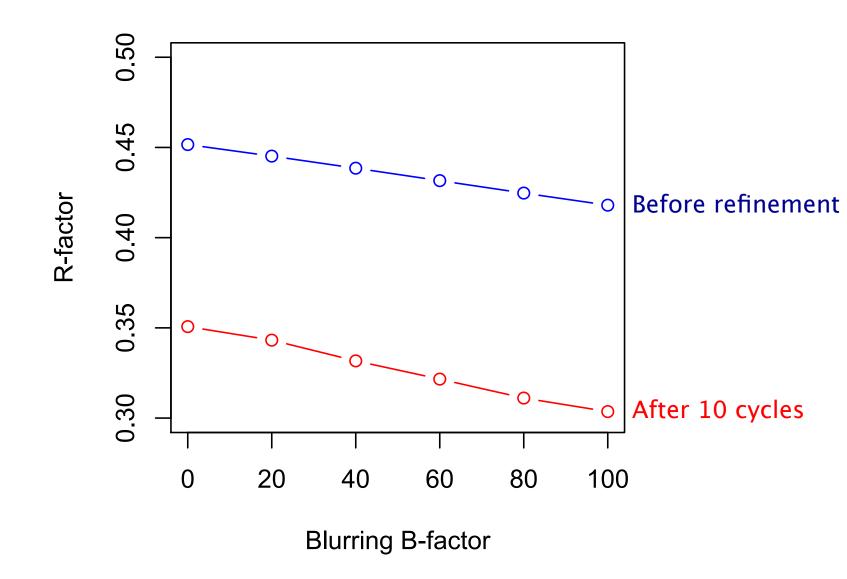
5me2 (3.2Å)

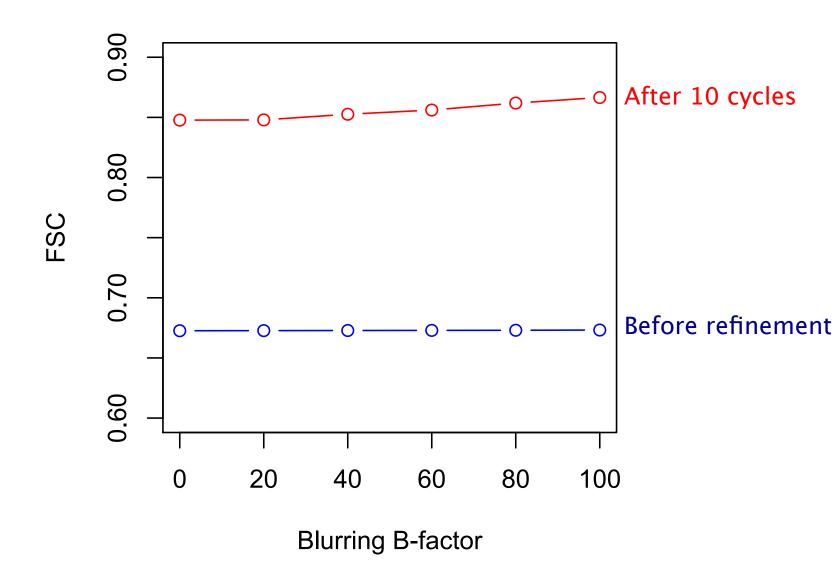


Blur 40 Å² refinement - 10 cycles

5me2 (3.2Å)

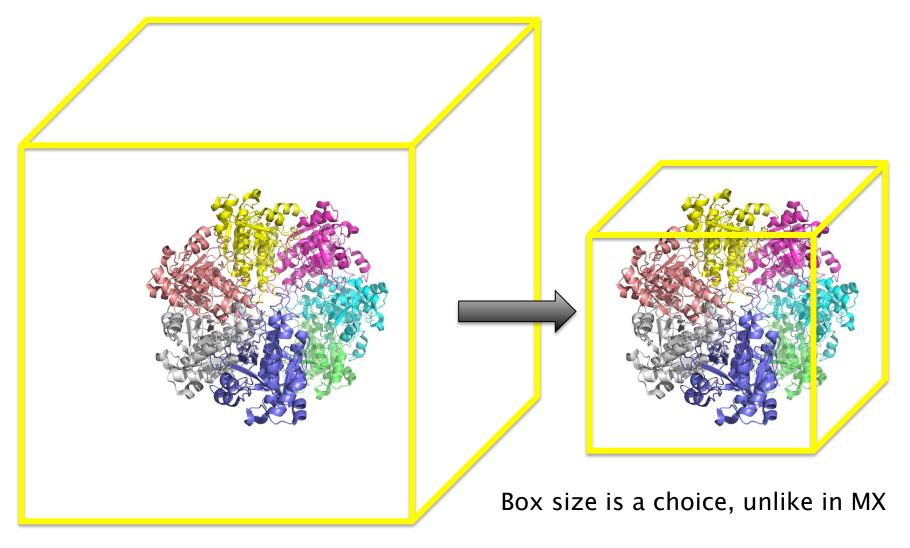






Auto Box Size – "local" refinement

Helical filament 5jzc (4.2 Å)



Auto Box Size – "local" refinement

ð×

2.

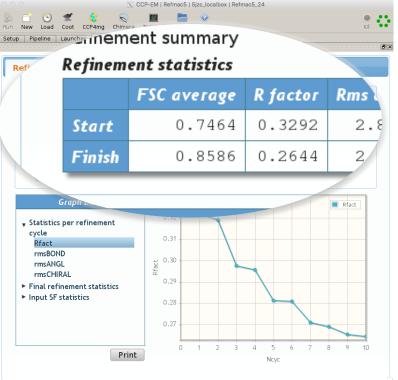
2

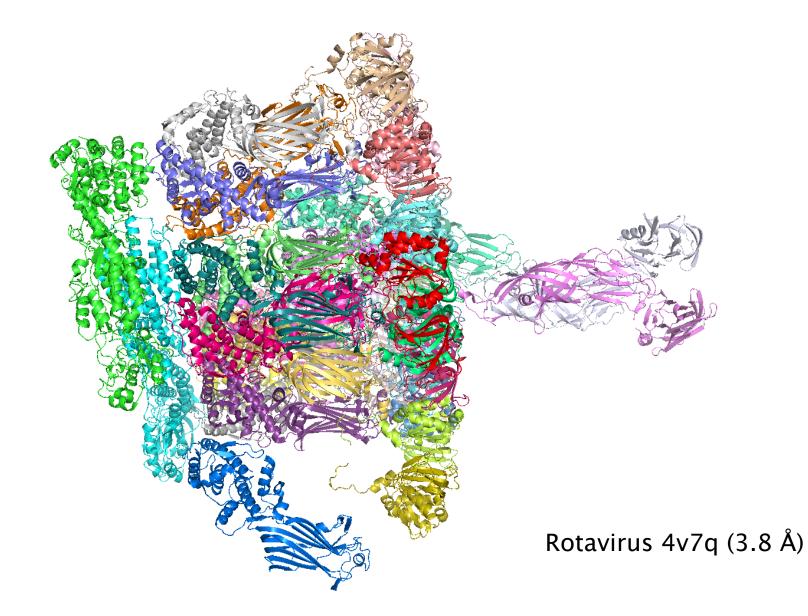
X CCP-EM | Refmac5 | 5jzc | Refmac5_21 📑 🕑 🛫 - 😵 🔍 Run New Load Coot CCP4mg Chime Setup Pipeline Launcher mement summary **Refinement statistics** Refi FSC average R factor Rms 0.3890 0.5144 Start Finish 0.4370 0.5027 Graph

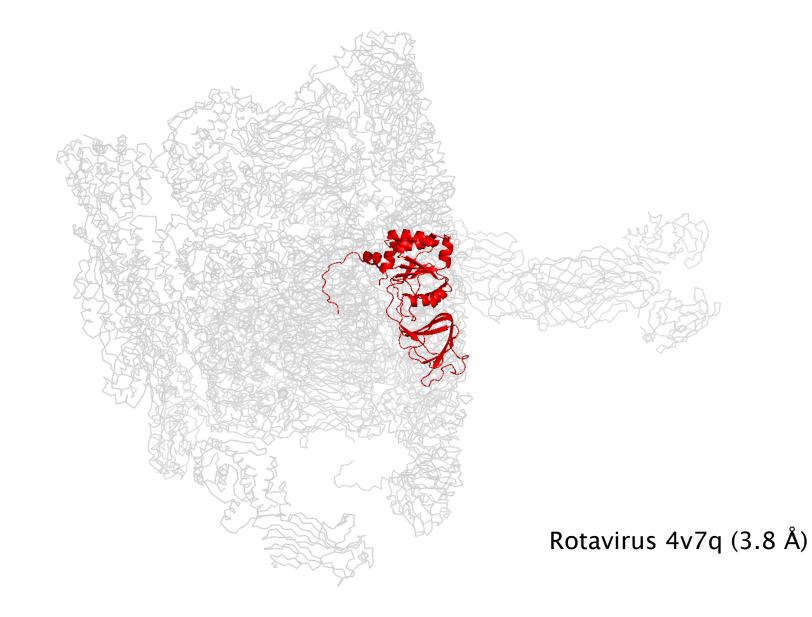
Rfact Statistics per refinement cycle Rfact 0.510 rmsBOND rmsANGL Soc. 0 rmsCHIRAL Final refinement statistics 0.506 Input SF statistics 0.504 2 7 8 Q 10 0 1 3 4 5 6 Print Novo

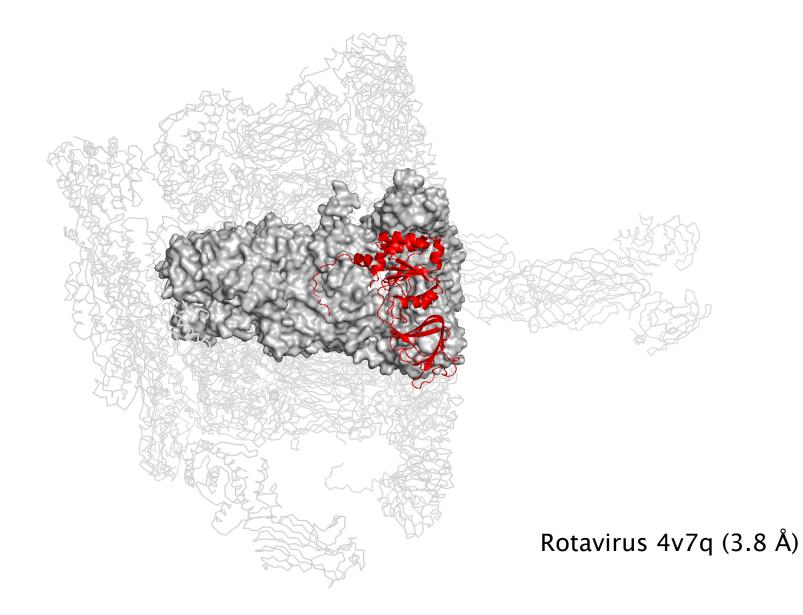
Helical filament 5jzc (4.2 Å)

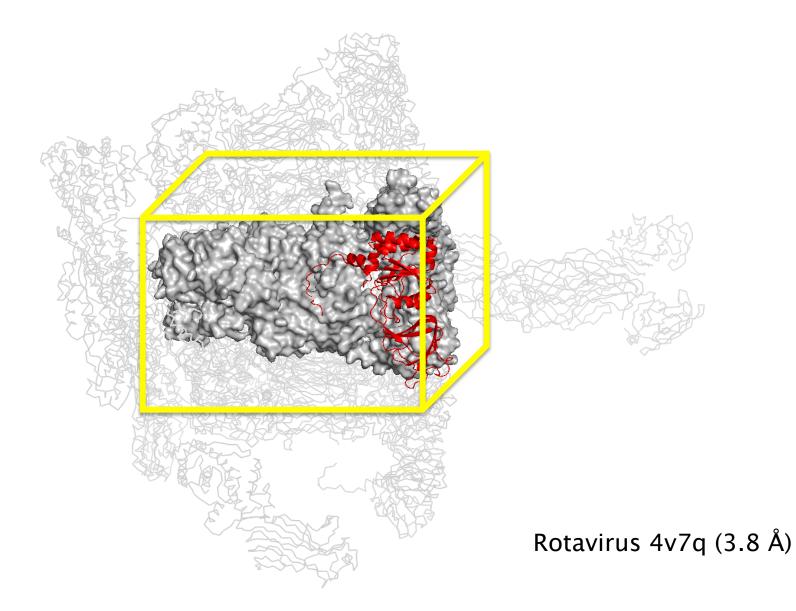


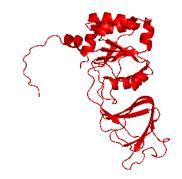






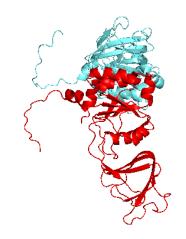






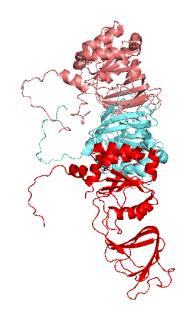
Rotavirus 4v7q (3.8 Å)

Parallel refinement

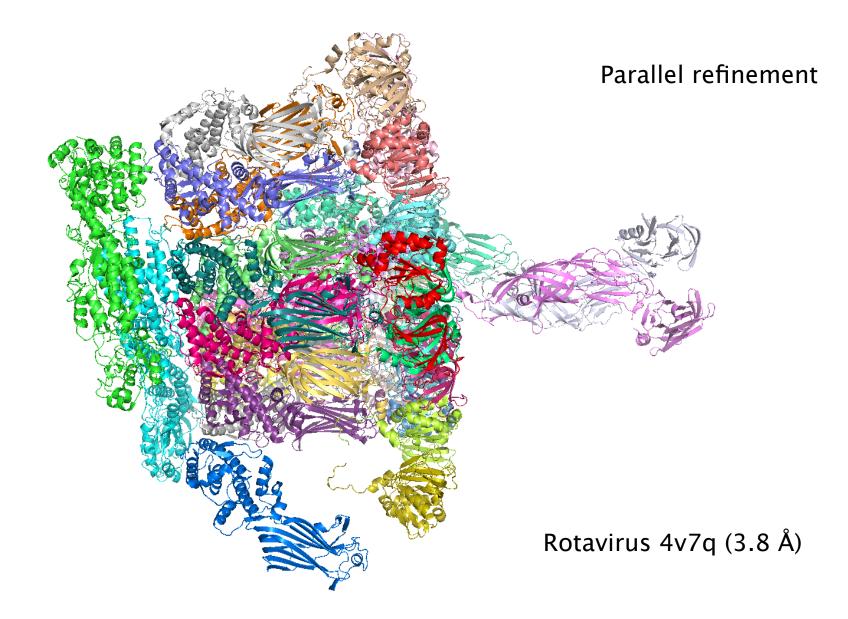


Rotavirus 4v7q (3.8 Å)

Parallel refinement



Rotavirus 4v7q (3.8 Å)



Summary

External restraints to homologous structures can be useful

- Used by REFMAC5 for full-model refinement
- Visualised in Coot, and used for real space refinement
- If homologs are not available, use:
 - Generic h-bond restraints for protein
 - Generic base-pair/stacking restraints for DNA/RNA

Restrained refinement can be used for low-res & cryo-EM refinement

- Need lots of "extra" restraints to regularise refinement
- Jelly-body restraints are almost always needed

Other things to think about in cryo-EM:

- Multiple levels of blurring/sharpening helps, but care is needed
- Box size should be selected appropriately
- Divide & conquer pipeline for large models

Summary

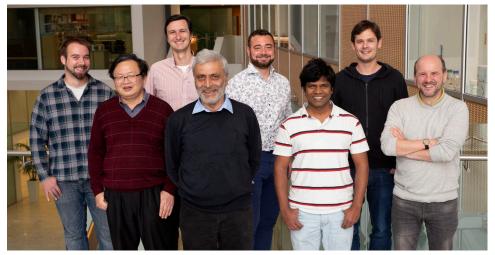
Tools to help with model building and refinement:

- **REFMAC**: Refinement, jelly body restraints, map sharpening/blurring
- **ProSMART**: External restraints, comparative analysis
- LIBG: Nucleic acid restraints
- **COOT**: Visualisation & manipulation of restraints, map blurring ...also morphing, jiggle-fit, backrub rotamers...

Many tools are applicable to cryo-EM as well as MX

Acknowledgements

MRC-LMB Computational Structural Biology Group



Left to right:

Rob Nicholls Fei Long Oleg Kovalevskiy Garib Murshudov Michal Tykac Rangana Warshamanage James Parkhurst Paul Emsley

Many Thanks:

Marcus Fischer Stuart McNicholas Martin Noble Tom Burnley Martyn Winn Alan Brown Jude Short Ana Casañal Jake Grimmett Toby Darling CCP4 core team All colleagues from MRC-LMB, CCP4 & CCP-EM Users for feedback!

Tools for cryo-EM model fitting & refinement:

- Nicholls *et al.* (2018) Current approaches for the fitting and refinement of atomic models into cryo-EM maps using CCP-EM. Acta Cryst D74.
- Murshudov (2016) Refinement of atomic structures against cryo-EM maps. Methods in Enzymology, 277-305.
- Brown et al. (2015) Tools for macromolecular model building and refinement into electron cryo-microscopy reconstructions. Acta Cryst. D71.



